

## Description of a new species of the genus *Echinodera* WOLLASTON, 1863 (Coleoptera: Curculionidae) and supplement to the weevil fauna of Kefalonia Island (Greece)

With 21 figures and 5 Appendix

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### Abstract

The revision of specimens which had been attributed to *Echinodera* cf. *brisouti* (REITTER, 1885) results here in the description of *E. stuebeni* spec. nov. The morphologically similar species *Echinodera peneckei* STÜBEN, 1998 stat. nov. is promoted to species rank, from a subspecies of *E. brisouti*. These taxonomic changes are supported by both, the comparison of the DNA barcodes of COI, and the investigation of morphological characters. The barcode of *Echinodera peneckei* is provided for the first time. In a first supplement to the faunistic list of the Curculionoidea of Kefalonia, seven further species are recorded here.

### Taxonomic acts

*Echinodera stuebeni* spec. nov. – urn:lsid:zoobank.org:act:FA93775A-0021-40CE-9280-14550A14BFF6

### Key words

new records, new species, island fauna, faunistics, taxonomy, Cryptorhynchinae, DNA barcoding, CO1, COI, COX1, integrative taxonomy

### Zusammenfassung

Die eingehende Überprüfung von Exemplaren, welche bisher *Echinodera* cf. *brisouti* (REITTER, 1885) zugeordnet worden waren, resultiert hier in der Beschreibung von *Echinodera stuebeni* spec. nov. Die morphologisch ähnliche Art *Echinodera peneckei* STÜBEN, 1998 stat. nov., ehemals Unterart von *E. brisouti*, wird zur eigenständigen Art erhoben. Diese taxonomischen Änderungen werden durch beiderlei, den Vergleich der Barcode-Sequenzdaten (COI), sowie durch die Untersuchung der morphologischen Merkmale gestützt. Der Barcode von *Echinodera peneckei* wird hier erstmals mitgeteilt. In einem ersten Supplementum zur Checkliste der Rüsselkäfer Kefalonias werden hier sieben weitere Arten gemeldet.

## Introduction

The weevil fauna of the largest Ionian Island Kefalonia was recently investigated by GERMANN & BRAUNERT (2018), where 231 species of Curculionoidea were listed. New findings of the subfamilies Entiminae, Ceutorhynchinae and Curculionidae are recorded in the following for the Island's fauna, mostly based on a single excursion by Gerd and Ursula Müller in spring 2019, and by historical specimens from the Georg Frey collection in the Naturhistorisches Museum Basel (NMB). Besides the new species description, the riddle of *Echinodera peneckeai*'s species status could finally be solved by collecting and barcoding a recently collected specimen in Montenegro by the first author (Germann et al., in preparation), more than 100 years after initial collecting in 1910 by Moritz Hilf. Unfortunately weevils from pinned dry collections are not suitable for Sanger DNA sequencing methods due to DNA degrading preservation or macerating solutions. During revision of southern european *Echinodera* in 1998 Peter Stüben decided to describe the subspecies *E. brisouti peneckeai* but was never able to retrieve a specimen for sequencing purposes in the subsequent decades (STÜBEN 1998, STÜBEN 2018). The first author, Christoph Germann, collected and determined the specimen GER-3589 from Montenegro as a potential new species «*Echinodera cf. brisouti*». After sequencing, this assumption seems being verified, since GER-3589 was clearly none of the so far known and sequenced *Echinodera*. During preparation of the new description of *E. stuebeni* the first author examined the holotypes of its sister species and matched GER-3589 to *E. brisouti peneckeai* STÜBEN 1998. Thus, with the newly generated sequences of *E. peneckeai* stat. nov. and *E. romanboroveci*, this work includes an up-to date COI tree of the genus *Echinodera* from west Balkans.

## Material and methods

### Morphology

The photos were taken using the VHX-6000 photograph system (Keyence Corporation) at the NMB. The following abbreviations are used: SDEI – Senckenberg Deutsches Entomologisches Institut, Müncheberg, cCG – collection Christoph Germann, Rubigen, cGM – collection Gerd Müller, Frechen, cPS – collection Peter Stüben, Mönchengladbach, ZFMK – Research Museum Alexander Koenig, label data is given verbatim. Different labels are separated by double slash (//).

For the morphological comparison of *Echinodera stuebeni* spec. nov. the following type specimens of the most similar species were examined: *Echinodera peneckeai*: Holotype 1 ♂ Dalm. Castelnuovo M. Hilf 1910 Coll. O. Leonhard // 10 // Holotypus *Echinodera brisouti* ssp. *peneckeai* P. E. Stüben 1998 // DEI Müncheberg Col - 11467. - Paratypes: 1 ♂ ditto Paratypus *Echinodera brisouti* ssp.

*peneckeai* P. E. Stüben 1998 // DEI Müncheberg Col - 11468. - 1 ♀ ditto DEI Müncheberg Col - 11469. - 1 ♀ ditto // DEI Müncheberg Col - 11470. All from the collection of the SDEI. The barcode (COI) was taken from a more recently collected specimen with the following label data: «312\_18.5 Montenegro, Cetinje Mun., 2 km SE Kotor, Lovćen, N 42.4091 E 18.7888, 920 m, 23.4.2018, leg. C. Braunert».

*Echinodera brisouti*: 1 ♂, 2 ♀ ♀ Paralectotypes *A. brisouti* mihi Corfu // Syntypus // coll. Kraatz // *E. brisouti* (Rtt.) det. Stüben 97 // Paralectotypus desg. Stüben 1997 // 1125 (4) // DEI Müncheberg Col - 11471-11473. All from the collection of the SDEI.

### Molecular analyses

For the molecular part of this study 10 new barcoding sequences have been generated and combined with 18 already published ones, all have been generated in joint projects of the Curculio Institute, either with the ZFMK or the SDEI/NMB. Due to the profound determination work by recognized specialists before the molecular processing of the specimens a highly reliable dataset can be guaranteed. In many cases, additional specimens or remaining tissue samples from the same finding spot are available in frozen Ethanol. In most cases, the extracted specimens were recovered after lyses step and stored in pinned dry collections at ZFMK or NMB. This additional laboratory step facilitates the possibility to verify the previous determination.

For all sequences two Cryptorhynchinae adopted primer sets with degenerated nucleotides have been used in ZFMK and SDEI laboratory routine. For LCO1490-JJ / HCO2198-JJ see ASTRIN & STÜBEN (2008) and for LCO1490-JJ2 / HCO2198-JJ2 see ASTRIN et al. (2016). Both are targeting the same binding sites as the well known primer set from FOLMER et al. (1994) does, so the derived COI barcodes are compatible with Folmer primer generated ones.

A nucleotide alignment with all 28 sequences has been created with Muscle-Plugin in Geneious 6.1.8 (KEARSE et al. 2012), all sequences comprise 658 nucleotides in length, which is the full length for the Folmer COI barcode in weevils. From the nucleotide alignment a Jukes-Cantor (JUKES & CANTOR 1969) corrected Neighbor Joining (NJ) tree was built with Genious, *Acalles camelus* was designated as outgroup species.

Appendix 2 contains collecting data, voucher information and GenBank accession numbers. Appendix 3 provides the references with applied laboratory routine for each sequence in the molecular analysis from ASTRIN et al. (2012), SCHÜTTE et al. (2013) or STÜBEN & KRAMP (2019). Appendix 4 contains the DNA barcodes (sequences) of the newly generated sequences incl.

the sequence of the new species *Echinodera stuebeni* spec. nov. in plain text format. Appendix 5 contains p-distance matrix of the barcode sequences.

## Results and Discussion

### Description

#### *Echinodera stuebeni* spec. nov.

urn:lsid:zoobank.org:act:FA93775A-0021-40CE-9280-14550A14BFF6  
Figs 1-2, 5-10

**Type material:** Holotype ♂: 301\_17.19 GREECE, Kefalonia, W Vari, 38.3845, 20.5780, 430 m, Quercus-Wald, 3.5.2017, leg. C. Germann (NMB). Red label: Holotype *Echinodera stuebeni* sp. nov. des. Germann & Schütte 2021.

Paratypes: 4 ♂♂, 2 ♀♀: 301\_17.19 GREECE, Kefalonia, W Vari, 38.3845, 20.5780, 430 m, Quercus-Wald, 3.5.2017, leg. C. Germann (cCG, NMB). - 1 ♂ 301\_17.18 GREECE, Kefalonia, N Fiskardo, 38.466, 20.5728, 2 m, Küstenwald, 3.5.2017, leg. C. Germann (cCG). - 5 ♂♂ 301\_17.21 GREECE, Kefalonia, SW Makriotika, 38.2875, 20.5231, 620 m, 4.5.2017, leg. C. Germann (cCG, NMB). - 1 ♀ 301\_17.4 GREECE, Kefalonia, NE Troianata, 38.1669, 20.5679, 450 m, 28.4.2017, leg. C. Germann (cCG). All with red labels: Paratype *Echinodera stuebeni* sp. nov. des. Germann & Schütte 2021.

**DNAtype (=paratype):** The DNA barcode sequence of the COI gene was taken from a male specimen with the voucher number 3279-GER (Collector's no) and GenBank accession number MW750619 from the same locality (301\_17.19) as the holotype. We refer to this specimen as DNAtype while it could also be named as paratype. The recovered specimen is being deposited in the pinned dry collection of the Curculio Institute at the NMB.

Size (without rostrum): 2.2–3.4 mm. Body colour dark brown to blackish (Figs 1–2).

Head: eyes flattened, large and oval, upper margin above rostral groove, visible from above. Rostrum deeply punctuate-striate; densely covered with small oval scales and hairs from middle on towards rostral apex. Antennae reddish brown, antennal scape: 5 times longer than wide, segments of antennal funiculus: 1st thicker than the following, 1st and 2nd: 2x longer than wide, 3rd to 7th: as long as wide, club oval, 2.5x thicker than the last segments of funiculus.

Pronotum: transverse (length/width: 0.7); maximal width before base in the first third, slightly rounded towards base; strongly narrowed, cone shaped towards front margin (Fig. 1). Coarsely punctuate, larger punctures towards hind margin. Integument and vestiture: colour patterns varying with darker and lighter brown scales; spotty placed light brownish to whitish scales. The integument consists of loosely standing, appressed, almost circular scales. Longer (2x longer than wide), broadly

oval, clubbed and nearly vertically raised bristles arise from punctures.

Elytra: globular (length/width: 1.0); widest in middle; without shoulders; base straight, elytral decline in lateral view rounded, vertical towards apex.

Integument and vestiture: colour patterns varying with darker and lighter brown scales; spotty placed light brown or whitish scales forming irregular transversal bandings. Consisting of almost circular appressed scales not entirely covering the intervals.

Striae narrow, about half the span of intervals, visible through integument; punctures with adjacent thin, scale-like bristles. On intervals long (3.5 to 4x longer than wide), scale-like, clubbed, vertically raised bristles.

Legs: brown, strong, densely covered with elongated brown and light brown scales.

Penis: tip of median lobe bent, S-shaped waved, second turn long (Figs 5–7). Apex in dorso-ventral view regularly and sharply pointed.

Female genitalia (Figs 8–10): Spiculum ventrale with plate fork-shaped, manubrium long and slender, enlarged at apex (Fig. 8), spermatheca simple, C-shaped (Fig. 9), gonocoxite cylindrical and rather narrow, stylus elongate, three times longer than wide (Fig. 10).

**Ecology:** On Kefalonia *Echinodera stuebeni* spec. nov. lives sympatrically together with *E. corycensis* STÜBEN, 2008, *E. ingowolfi* STÜBEN, 1998 and *E. soumasi* GERMAN, WOLF & SCHÜTTE, 2015. We assume that *E. stuebeni* spec. nov. is endemic on Kefalonia, in contrast to the other species which are more widespread (STÜBEN 2018, STÜBEN 2021).

**Derivation of name:** The new species *Echinodera stuebeni* spec. nov. is named after our dear friend Dr. Peter E. Stüben, with whom the first author undertook adventurous, sometimes dangerous, but always incredibly interesting, very stimulating and unforgettable excursions in Tunisia, Morocco, Calabria, Sicily, Spain, France and on the Canary Islands.

**Differential diagnosis:** *Echinodera stuebeni* spec. nov. is morphologically similar to *E. peneckei* STÜBEN, 1998 (Figs 3–4, 11–16) raised here to species level based on its characteristic morphology and the considerable barcode distance to all other species of the genus by 8.7 % or higher (Fig. 17–19, Appendix 5). *Echinodera peneckei* differs in the following characters from *E. stuebeni*: raised setae on elytra oval to cordate, narrower (*E. stuebeni*: broadly oval shaped, wider); setae on elytra clearly raised in angles between 30° and 45° (*E. stuebeni*: setae raised in an angle of maximal 20°, and only along elytral decline); habitus more elongate, elytra oblong oval, pronotum smaller and less broad (*E. stuebeni*: habitus broader, elytra roundish, pronotum broader); penis more strangled before apex (Fig. 11–12, arrow) (broader in *E. stuebeni*). *Echinodera brisouti* has much longer, elongate, raised setae (4 times longer than wide), and is even



Figs 1–4: Habitus of *Echinodera* in dorsal and lateral views of the male; 1–2. *Echinodera stuebeni* spec. nov.; 3–4. *E. peneckei* (all photos by C. Germann).



Figs 5–10: Genitalia of *Echinodera stuebeni* spec. nov.; 5–7. Penis dorsal, ventral and lateral; 8. Spiculum ventrale; 9. Spermatheca; 10. Gonocoxite. – Figs 11–16: Ditto of *E. peneckei* (all photos by C. Germann).

more robust in its habitus than *E. stuebeni*. The penis is more elongate and not broadened towards tip. A general overview on *Echinodera* with several determination keys to the numerous species of that cryptic genus is given by STÜBEN (2018).

The comparison of the DNA barcoding sequence (COI) reveals a significant difference to all *Echinodera* species on Kefalonia and also from west Balkans, the Ionian Sea and Italy inclusive Sardinia island. The closest species to *E. stuebeni* spec. nov. from the molecular perspective is

*E. brisouti* (from Epirus to Corfu) with 8.7 % p-distance, whilst the morphologically closest species are *E. brisouti* and *E. penecke* from Montenegro (9.7 %). For more information see chapter Molecular analysis.

### Molecular analysis

The molecular analysis (Fig. 17 for the NJ tree and Appendix 5 for the uncorrected p-distance matrix of the COI barcode sequences) clearly confirms the species status of *Echinodera stuebeni* spec. nov. from the molecular perspective. The molecular closest sister species and their p-distance values to *E. stuebeni* is *E. brisouti* (REITTER 1885) (8.7 %, Epirus to Corfu), *E. romanborovici* (9.4 to 10 % from Montenegro), *E. nuraghia* STÜBEN, 2009 (9.7 %, from Italy: Sardinia Island), *E. penecke* stat. nov. (9.7 %), *E. ariadnae* BAHR & BAYER, 2005 (9.9 % from Crete Island), *E. aspromontensis* STÜBEN, 2008 (10 to 10.5 % from Italy) and *E. nebrodiensis* STÜBEN, 2003 (10 % from Italy: Sicily). These findings are in concordance with the MWI dataset: average p-distance value for *Echinodera* island species are ~9.5 % (SCHÜTTE et al., in preparation). Two geographical distribution maps of *E. stuebeni* spec. nov. and its sister species are provided in Fig. 18 and Fig. 19.

The molecular analyses also confirm the status of *Echinodera penecke* stat. nov. as a good species from the molecular perspective. The p-distance values to the closest sister species are *E. aspromontensis* (9.1 to 9.4 %), *E. brisouti* (9.7 to 10.5 %), *E. nebrodiensis* (9.9 %) and *E. nuraghia* (10 %). These findings are in concordance with the MWI dataset where average p-distance value for endemic *Echinodera* species is ~11 % (SCHÜTTE et al., in preparation).

While the species status is out of question with the high p-distance value obtained, a distinct sister species for *E. stuebeni* spec. nov. can not be determined precisely, because all available sister species are pretty closely related in terms of p-distance, any of them could be possible actually. The Jukes-Cantor corrected NJ-tree indicates *E. ariadnae* (9.9 % p-distance) as the closest sister species to *E. stuebeni*, while the distance matrix with uncorrected p-distance value proposes *E. brisouti* (8.7 % p-distance).

### New faunistic records

With the present records, the list comprises altogether 238 recorded Curculionoidea in Kefalonia Island (Appendix 1). The data is given verbatim (in German, amended where necessary in square brackets).

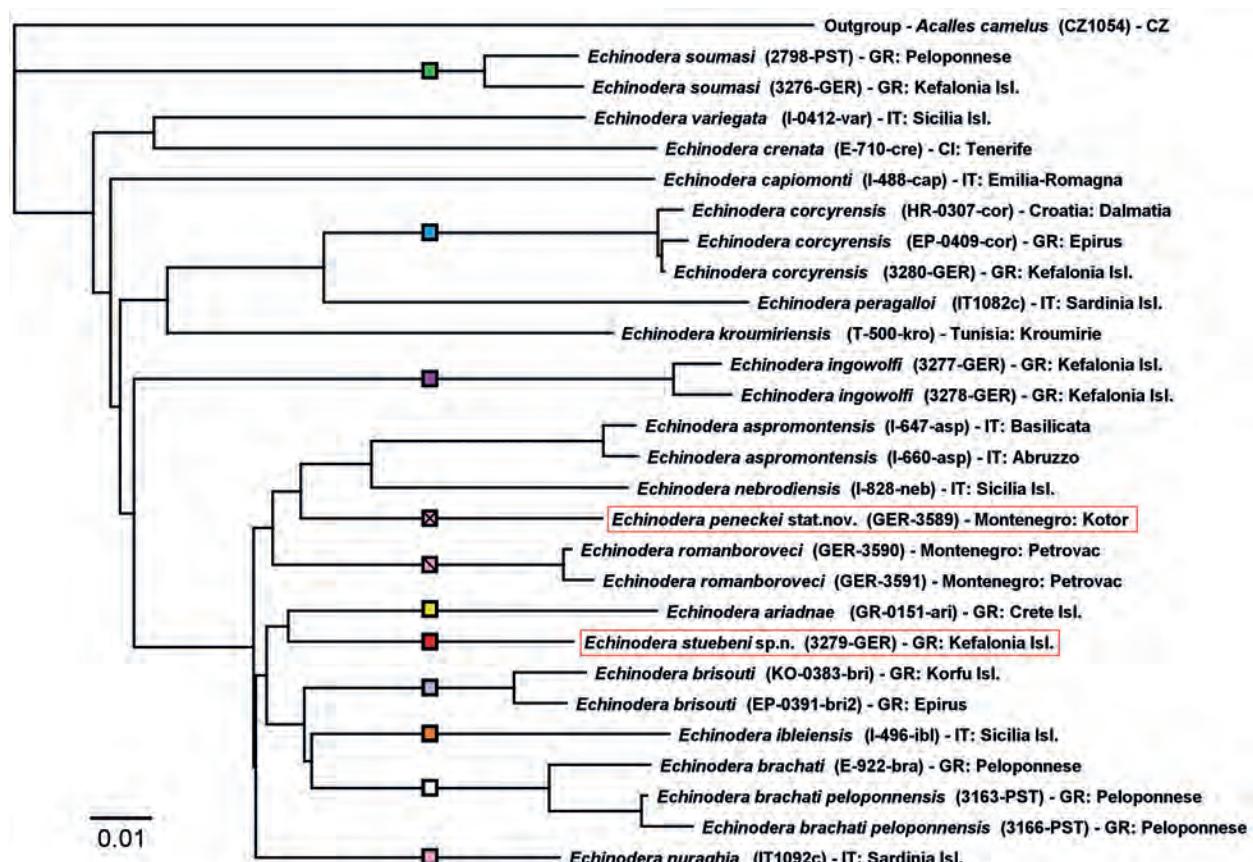


Fig. 17: Jukes-Cantor corrected Neighbor-Joining tree of west Balkans *Echinodera* including *E. stuebeni* spec. nov. and *E. penecke* stat. nov. The coloured squares match with the colours in the geographic distribution maps (Fig. 18 and Fig. 19).

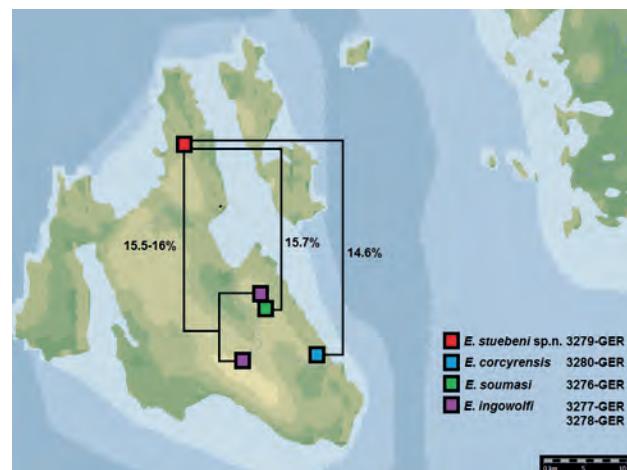


Fig. 18: Kefalonia map with genetic distances of *Echinodera stuebeni* spec. nov. to its sister species.

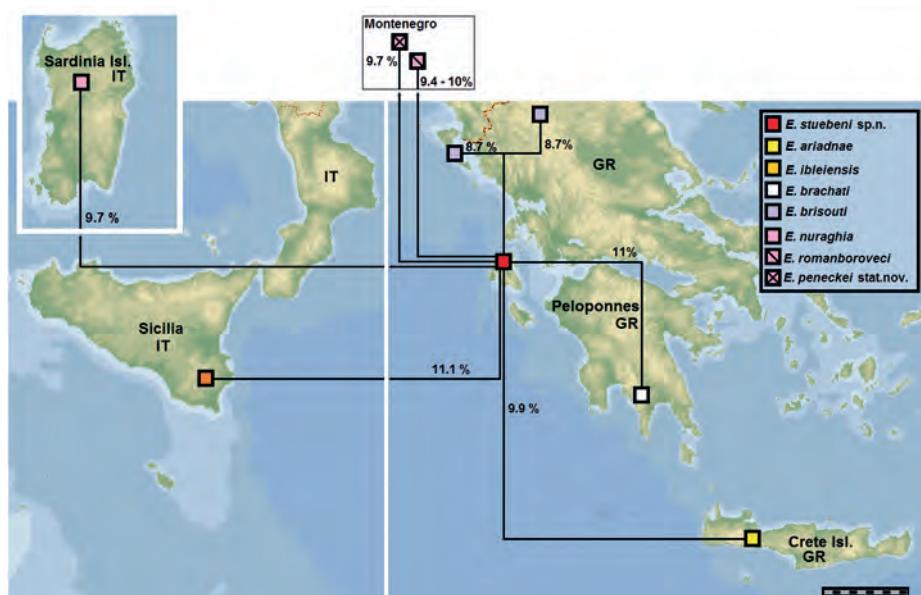


Fig. 19: West Balkans map with genetic distances of *Echinodera stuebeni* spec. nov. to its sister species.

### Ceutorhynchinae

#### *Hadrolontus trimaculatus* (FABRICIUS, 1775)

1 ex.: Kefalonia, Ionian Islands, Karavados, Südküste, 77 m, 38°07'20"N, 20°34'57"E, Rud. fläche [Ruderalfläche], 13.05.2019, leg. Gerd Müller, det. Christoph Germann (cCM).

#### *Mogulones aubei* (BOHEMAN, 1845)

1 ex. (male): Kefalonia, Ionian Islands, Kastro, Agios Georgios, 234 m, 38°08'18"N, 20°33'22"E, Burganlage, 06.05.2019, leg. Gerd Müller, det. Christoph Germann (cCM).

#### *Oprohinus suturalis* (FABRICIUS, 1775)

1 ex.: Kefalonia, Ionian Islands, Kastro, Agios Georgios, 38°08'16"N, 20°33'19"E, 260m, Böschung, 10.05.2019, leg. Gerd Müller, det. Christoph Germann (cCM).

### Curculioninae

#### *Anthonomus stierlini* DESBROCHERS DES LOGES, 1869

1 ex.: Kefalonia, Ionian Islands, Kastro, Agios Georgios, 38°08'16"N, 20°33'19"E, 260 m, Böschung, 10.05.2019, leg. Gerd Müller, det. Christoph Germann (cCM).

*Mecinus circulatus* (MARSHAM, 1802)

1 ex. Kefalonia, Ionian islands, Skala, 15 m, Ostküste, 38°04'56"N, 20°47'48"E, 12.05.2019, leg. Gerd Müller, det. Christoph Germann (cCM).

*Pseudostyphlus pillatus* (GYLLENHAL, 1835)

1 ex.: Kephallinia [Kefalonia] A. Winkler coll. V. Apfelbeck (hidden in a series of *Styphlus jonicus* (Reitter, 1899)), det. C. Germann, coll. G. Frey (NMB). First specimens examined since the literature reference in Germann & Braunert (2018).

Entiminae

*Phyllobius emgei* STIERLIN, 1887

2 ex: Kefalonia, Ionian Islands, Mt. Ainos, 1070 m, 38°09'35"N, 20°37'20"E, *Abies ceph.* [*Abies cephalonica*] Forest, 08.05.2019, leg. Gerd Müller, det. Christoph Germann (cCM).

*Omias cf. oertzeni* STIERLIN, 1887

(Figs 20-21)

1 ♂, 2 ♀: Kephalonia [Kefalonia] 1908 Megalo-Vunó legit. M. Hilf coll. O. Leonhard // ex Orig. Samlg. J. Breit Wien. – 1 ♂, 1 ♀: Kephallinia Moczarski // Sammlung Stöcklein (all coll. G. Frey, NMB).

**Comment:** After the appreciated opinion by Roman Borovec (written communication), it is still unclear if the specimens from Kefalonia belong to *O. oertzeni* or to an undescribed species, morphologically close to *O. chelmosensis* (MESCHNIGG, 1939). Likely, only the examination of a larger series of specimens may help to clear this uncertainty.

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20

Figs 20-21: Habitus of male and female of *Omias cf. oertzeni* STIERLIN, 1887 Kefalonia, Vunó, leg. M. Hilf, coll. Georg Frey NMB (all photos by C. Germann).

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## Appendix 1 - Recorded Curculionoidea on Kefalonia Island (separate xls-file)

Family, subfamily, genus, species	
Anthribidae	<i>Protaetia truquii</i> (Reiche & Saulcy, 1858)
<i>Anthribus fasciatus</i> Forster, 1770	<i>Protaetia varipes</i> (Germar, 1817)
<i>Bruchela pygmaea</i> (Gyllenhal, 1833)	<i>Rhopalapion longirostre</i> (Olivier, 1807)
<i>Pseudoparius centromaculatus</i> (Gyllenhal, 1833)	<i>Stenopterapion tenue</i> (Kirby, 1808)
<b>Apionidae</b>	<i>Squamapion delagrangei</i> (Desbrochers des Loges, 1895)
<i>Apion frumentarium</i> Linné, 1758	<i>Taeniapion rufescens</i> (Gyllenhal, 1833)
<i>Apion haematodes</i> Kirby, 1808	<i>Taeniapion rufulum</i> (Wencker, 1864)
<i>Aspidapion aeneum</i> (Fabricius, 1775)	<b>Brachyceridae</b>
<i>Aspidapion radiolus</i> (Marsham, 1802)	<i>Brachycerus cinereus</i> Olivier, 1807
<i>Catapion corsicum</i> (Desbrochers des Loges, 1888)	<i>Brachycerus lutosus</i> Gyllenhal, 1833
<i>Catapion pubescens</i> (Kirby, 1811)	<i>Brachycerus muricatus</i> Olivier, 1790
<i>Ceratapion gibbirostre</i> (Gyllenhal, 1813)	<i>Brachycerus sinuatus</i> Olivier, 1807
<i>Diplapion confluens</i> (Kirby, 1808)	<i>Brachycerus undatus</i> Fabricius, 1798
<i>Eutrichapion facetum</i> (Gyllenhal, 1839)	<b>Curculionidae</b>
<i>Eutrichapion viciae</i> (Paykull, 1800)	<b>Bagoinae</b>
<i>Eutrichapion vorax</i> (Herbst, 1797)	<i>Bagous robustus</i> H. Brisout de Barneville, 1863
<i>Exapion compactum</i> (Desbrochers des Loges, 1888)	<b>Baridinae</b>
<i>Exapion winkleri</i> (Wagner, 1912)	<i>Aulacobaris angusta</i> (Brullé, 1832)
<i>Hemitrichapion pavidum</i> (Germar, 1817)	<i>Aulacobaris coerulescens</i> (Scopoli, 1763)
<i>Hemitrichapion waltoni</i> (Stephens, 1839)	<i>Labiaticola atricolor</i> (Boheman, 1844)
<i>Holotrichapion aethiops</i> (Herbst, 1797)	<i>Malvaevora timida</i> (Rossi, 1792)
<i>Holotrichapion gracilicolle</i> (Gyllenhal, 1839)	<i>Melanobaris laticollis</i> (Marsham, 1802)
<i>Holotrichapion pisi</i> (Fabricius, 1801)	<b>Ceutorhynchinae</b>
<i>Ischnopterapion cognatum</i> (Hochhuth, 1851)	<i>Calosirus apicalis</i> (Gyllenhal, 1827)
<i>Ischnopterapion fallens</i> (Marseul, 1888)	<i>Calosirus orientalis</i> (Hustache, 1915)
<i>Ischnopterapion subglabrum</i> (Desbrochers des Loges, 1870)	<i>Calosirus terminatus</i> (Herbst, 1795)
<i>Kalcapion semivittatum</i> (Gyllenhal, 1833)	<i>Ceutorhynchus assimilis</i> (Paykull, 1792)
<i>Malvapion malvae</i> (Fabricius, 1775)	<i>Ceutorhynchus chalybaeus</i> Germar, 1823
<i>Omphalapion dispar</i> (Germar, 1817)	<i>Ceutorhynchus contractus</i> (Marsham, 1802)
<i>Oryxolaemus croceifemoratus</i> (Gyllenhal, 1839)	<i>Ceutorhynchus duvali</i> C. N. F. Brisout de Barneville, 1869
<i>Oryxolaemus scabiosus</i> Weise, 1889	<i>Ceutorhynchus erysimi</i> (Fabricius, 1787)
<i>Oxystoma pomonae</i> (Fabricius, 1798)	<i>Ceutorhynchus cf. griseus</i> C.N.F. Brisout de Barneville, 1869
<i>Phrissotrichum tubiferum</i> (Gyllenhal, 1833)	<i>Ceutorhynchus lukesii</i> Tyl, 1914
<i>Perapion oblongum</i> (Gyllenhal, 1839)	<i>Ceutorhynchus pallidactylus</i> (Marsham, 1802)
<i>Perapion violaceum</i> (Kirby, 1808)	<i>Ceutorhynchus pectoralis</i> Weise, 1895
<i>Protaetia brenskei</i> (Desbrochers des Loges, 1895)	<i>Ceutorhynchus picitarsis</i> Gyllenhal, 1837
<i>Protaetia dentipes</i> (Gerstaecker, 1854)	<i>Ceutorhynchus sulcicollis</i> (Paykull, 1800)
<i>Protaetia difformis</i> (Germar, 1818)	<i>Ceutorhynchus typhae</i> (Herbst, 1795)
<i>Protaetia nigritarse</i> (Kirby, 1808)	<i>Coeliodes transversealbofasciatus</i> (Goeze, 1777)
<i>Protaetia ononidis</i> (Gyllenhal, 1827)	<i>Hadropontus litura</i> (Fabricius, 1775)
<i>Protaetia trifolii</i> (Linnaeus, 1768)	<i>Hadropontus trimaculatus</i> (Fabricius, 1775)
	<i>Microplontus rugulosus</i> (Herbst, 1795)

Mogulones aubei (Bohemian, 1845)	Orchestes hirtellus Miller, 1862
Mogulones austriacus (C. Brisout, 1869)	Orchestes pilosus (Fabricius 1781)
Mogulones beckeri (Schultze, 1900)	Pachytychius hordei grandicollis Waltl, 1835
Mogulones cynoglossi (Frauenfeld, 1866)	Pseudostyphlus pillumus (Gyllenhal, 1835)
Mogulones geographicus (Goeze, 1777)	Rhinusa bipustulata (Rossi, 1792)
Nedyus quadrimaculatus (Linné, 1758)	Rhinusa comosa (Rosenschoeld, 1838)
Neoprohinus cinnamomeus (Schultze, 1897)	Rhinusa tetra (Fabricius, 1792)
Neoxyonyx strigatirostris (Hochhuth, 1847)	Rhinusa verbasci (Rosenschoeld, 1838)
Oprohinus consputus (Germar, 1824)	Sibinia attalica (Gyllenhal, 1835)
Oprohinus suturalis (Fabricius, 1775)	Sibinia aureofulva Desbrochers des Loges, 1875
Prisistus obsoletus (Germar, 1824)	Smicronyx jungermanniae (Reich, 1797)
Ranunculiphilus obscurus (C. N. F Brisout de Barneville, 1869)	Smicronyx pauperculus Wollaston, 1864
Sirocalodes depressicollis (Gyllenhal, 1813)	Smicronyx syriacus Faust, 1887
Sirocalodes mixtus (Mulsant & Rey, 1859)	Styphlidius brevisetis Osella, 1981
Stenocarus cardui (Herbst, 1784)	Styphlus jonicus (Reitter, 1899)
Trichosirocalus campanella (Schultze, 1895)	Tychius balcanicus Caldara, 1990
Trichosirocalus rufulus (Dufour, 1851)	Tychius cuprifer (Panzer, 1799)
<b>Cossoninae</b>	Tychius exiguis Faust, 1889
Brachytemnus porcatus (Germar, 1824)	Tychius naxiae Faust, 1889
<b>Cryptorhynchinae</b>	Tychius ochraceus Tournier, 1873
Acallocrates denticollis (Germar, 1823)	Tychius polylineatus (Germar, 1823)
Echinodera corcyrensis Stüben, 2008	Tychius pusillus Germar, 1842
Echinodera ingowolfi Stüben, 1998	Tychius rufipennis Brisout de Barneville, 1863
Echinodera soumasi Germann, Wolf & Schütte, 2015	Tychius thoracicus Boheman, 1843
Echinodera stuebeni Germann & Schütte, 2021	Tychius tibialis Boheman, 1843
Torneuma deplanatum deplanatum (Hampe, 1864)	<b>Entiminae</b>
<b>Curculioninae</b>	Auchmeresthes kiesenwetteri Kraatz, 1862
Anthonomus multifasciatus Pic, 1926	Charagmus variegatus (Fähraeus, 1840)
Anthonomus pomorum Linné, 1758	Chiloneus jonicus Kraatz, 1859
Anthonomus stierlini Desbrochers des Loges, 1869	Cycloderes fritillum (Panzer, 1794)
Archarius pyrrhoceras (Marsham, 1802)	Metadrosus bellus bellus (Kraatz, 1859)
Cionus balianii Solari, 1932	Omias cf. oertzeni Stierlin, 1887
Cionus olivieri Rosenschoeld, 1838	Otiorhynchus anadolicus Boheman, 1842
Cionus pulverosus Guérin-Méneville, 1833	Otiorhynchus aurifer Boheman, 1842
Cleopomiarus graminis (Gyllenhal, 1813)	Otiorhynchus brenskei Reitter, 1884
Cleopus solani (Fabricius, 1792)	Otiorhynchus cephalonicus Pic, 1902
Curculio glandium Marsham, 1802	Otiorhynchus championi Reitter, 1912
Gymnetron veronicae (Germar, 1821)	Otiorhynchus concavirostris Boheman, 1842
Mecinus circulatus (Marsham, 1802)	Otiorhynchus graecus graecoinsularis Reitter, 1914
Mecinus pascuorum (Gyllenhal, 1813)	Otiorhynchus gravidus Stierlin, 1872
Mecinus pyraster (Herbst, 1795)	Otiorhynchus jovis Miller, 1862
Mecinus simus (Mulsant & Rey, 1859)	Otiorhynchus lugens (Germar, 1817)
Miarus rotundicollis Desbrochers, 1893	Otiorhynchus ovalipennis Boheman, 1842
	Otiorhynchus picimanus picimanus Stierlin, 1861

Pachyrrhinus lethierryi (Desbrochers des Loges, 1875)	Coniocleonus excoriatus (Gyllenhal, 1834)
Parascythopus apollinis (Miller, 1862)	Coniocleonus nigrosuturatus (Goeze, 1777)
Phyllobius dispar Redtenbacher, 1847	Cyphocleonus testatus (Gyllenhal, 1834)
Phyllobius emgei Stierlin, 1887	Larinus adspersus Hochhuth, 1847
Phyllobius insulanus Schilsky, 1911	Larinus carlinae (Olivier, 1807)
Phyllobius montanus Miller, 1862	Larinus iaceae (Fabricius, 1775)
Phyllobius pallidus (Fabricius, 1792)	Larinus latus (Herbst, 1783)
Polydrusus angustus (Lucas, 1854)	Larinus rusticanus Gyllenhal, 1835
Polydrusus armipes Brullé, 1832	Larinus scolymi (Olivier, 1807)
Polydrusus bardus Gyllenhal, 1834	Larinus syriacus Gyllenhal, 1835
Polydrusus calabricus (Faust, 1890)	Larinus turbinatus Gyllenhal, 1836
Polydrusus cephalonicus Apfelbeck, 1922	Larinus ursus (Fabricius, 1792)
Polydrusus cervinus (Linné, 1758)	Lixomorphus algirus (Linnaeus, 1758)
Polydrusus cocciferae Kiesenwetter, 1864	Lixus angustus (Herbst, 1795)
Polydrusus elegantulus (Boheman, 1840)	Lixus cardui (Olivier, 1807)
Polydrusus jucundus Miller, 1862	Lixus cinerascens Schoenherr, 1832
Polydrusus marcidus Kiesenwetter, 1864	Lixus filiformis (Fabricius, 1781)
Polydrusus moricei Pic, 1903	Lixus myagri Olivier, 1807
Psallidium spinimanum Reiche, 1861	Lixus ochraceus Boheman, 1843
Sitona discoideus Gyllenhal, 1834	Lixus pulverulentus (Scopoli, 1763)
Sitona humeralis Stephens, 1831	Lixus punctiventris Boheman, 1836
Sitona lineatus (Linné, 1758)	Pseudocleonus cinereus (Schrink, 1781)
Sitona macularius (Marsham, 1802)	Rhinocyllus conicus (Fröhlich, 1792)
Sitona ophtalmicus Desbrochers des Loges, 1869	<b>Molytinae</b>
Sitona sulcifrons deubeli Krauss, 1902	Liparus tenebrioides (Pallas, 1781)
Sitona verecundus (Rossi, 1790)	Minyops insularis Osella & Bellò, 2010
Strophomorphus albarius (Reiche & Saulcy, 1858)	Styphloderes exsculptus (Boheman, 1843)
Strophomorphus porcellus (Schönherr, 1832)	<b>Scolytinae</b>
Tanymecus dilaticollis Gyllenhal, 1834	Coccotrypes dactyliperda (Fabricius, 1801)
Trachyploeus laticollis Boheman, 1842	Cryphalus saltuarius (Weise, 1891)
<b>Hyperinae</b>	Pityokteines curvidens (Germar, 1824)
Brachypera crinita (Boheman, 1834)	Pityophthorus micrographus (Linnaeus, 1758)
Brachypera zoilus (Scopoli, 1763)	<b>Dryophthoridae</b>
Coniatus tamaricis (Fabricius, 1787)	Sphenophorus abbreviatus (Fabricius, 1787)
Donus capiomonti (Petri, 1901)	Sphenophorus piceus (Pallas, 1771)
Donus cyrtus (Germar, 1821)	<b>Nanophyidae</b>
Hypera melancholica (Fabricius, 1792)	Dieckmanniellus nitidulus (Gyllenhal, 1838)
Hypera meles (Fabricius, 1792)	<b>Rhynchitidae</b>
Hypera nigrirostris (Fabricius, 1775)	Eomesauletes politus (Lepeletier & Audinet-Serville, 1825)
Hypera postica (Gyllenahl, 1813)	Mecorhis ungarica (Herbst, 1783)
Hypera venusta (Fabricius, 1781)	Rhodocyrthus cribripennis (Desbrochers des Loges, 1869)
Limobius borealis (Paykull, 1792)	Tatianaerhynchites aequatus (Linnaeus, 1767)
<b>Lixinae</b>	
Bangasternus planifrons (Brullé, 1832)	

## Appendix 2 - collecting data and voucher numbers

Collecting data and voucher numbers for the material used in the molecular analysis is provided below, alphabetically sorted by species name. DNA extracts are stored either at the ZFMK Biobank in Bonn or at the SDEI in Müncheberg. Often remaining or additional tissue samples of the sequenced specimens are available as well.

Dry collection of ZFMK/CURCI processed samples are located at ZFMK Bonn, Germany.

Dry collection of SDEI/CURCI processed samples are located at Natural History Museum in Basel (NMB).

### *Acalles camelus* (Fabricius, 1792)

Czech Republic, SE Moravia (UH), Lopenik, Bilé Karpaty Mts., collected on: *Fagus*, 15-May-2009, 727m, 48°56'00"17°46'00", leg. Kresl, P., det. Kresl, P., dry collection: CURCI at ZFMK; Collector's No / Biobank No: CZ1054 / 9637; Tissue No / DNA No: ZFMK-TIS-cCZ1054 / ZFMK-DNA-0112704615; CO1 Genbank Accession No: KF680229

### *Echinodera ariadnae* Bahr & Beyer, 2005

Greece, Crete Isl. West, Levka Ori, Imbros, above the Imbros Gorge, collected on: *Quercus*, 02-Oct-2006, 900m, N35°14'51" E24°10'30", leg. Bahr, F. & Bayer, B., det. Bahr, F. & Bayer, B., dry collection: CURCI at ZFMK; Collector's No / Biobank No: GR-0151-ari / 8786; Tissue No / DNA No: ZFMK-TIS-cGR0151 / ZFMK-DNA-0100400173; CO1 Genbank Accession No: EU286479

### *Echinodera aspromontensis* Stüben, 2008

Italy, Basilicata, Monte Pollino, 17 km N of Rotonda, N of Episcopia, collected on: *Quercus*, *Castanea*, 8-Jul-2008, 894m, N40°05'55" E16°07'13", leg. Stüben, P., det. Stüben, P., dry collection: CURCI at ZFMK; Collector's No / Biobank No: I-647-asp / 9248; Tissue No / DNA No: ZFMK-TIS-cI647 / ZFMK-DNA-0100404242; CO1 Genbank Accession No: GU987985

### *Echinodera aspromontensis* Stüben, 2008

Italy, Abruzzo, 28 km SE of Pescara, S. Vito, collected on: *Quercus*, 17-Jul-2008, 79m, N42°17'30" E14°27'35", leg. Stüben, P., det. Stüben, P., dry collection: CURCI at ZFMK; Collector's No / Biobank No: I-660-asp / 9261; Tissue No / DNA No: ZFMK-TIS-cI660 / ZFMK-DNA-0100404886; CO1 Genbank Accession No: GU987992

### *Echinodera brachati* Stüben, 2002

Greece, Peloponnese, Mt. Taygetos W, Saidona E, collected on: *Quercus*, *Onosma*, *Cistus*, *Salvia fruticosa*, *broom*, 25-Apr-2009, 800m, N36°52'59" E22°17'25", leg. Bahr, Bayer, Brunner & Bueche, det. Stüben, P., dry collection: CURCI at ZFMK; Collector's No / Biobank No: E-922-bra / 9539; Tissue No / DNA No: ZFMK-TIS-cE922 / ZFMK-DNA-0100405279; CO1 Genbank Accession No: GU213764

### *Echinodera brachati peloponnensis* Stüben, 2019

Greece, Peloponnese, Arkadia: Kosmas, collected on: *Astragalus*, 9-Aug-2018, 1151m, N37°05'45" E22°44'28", leg. Stüben, P., det. Stüben, P., dry collection: CURCI/SDEI at NMB; Collector's No: 3163-PST; DNA No: SDEI-DNA-3163-PST; CO1 Genbank Accession No: MK347695

### *Echinodera brachati peloponnensis* Stüben, 2019

Greece, Peloponnese, Arkadia, N Kosmas: near Moni Elonis, collected on: *Quercus*, 11-Aug-2018, 427m, N37°08'42" E22°45'03", leg. Stüben, P., det. Stüben, P., dry collection: CURCI/SDEI at NMB; Collector's No: 3166-PST; DNA No: SDEI-DNA-3166-PST; CO1 Genbank Accession No: MK347697

### *Echinodera brisouti* (Reitter, 1885)

Greece, Korfu Isl., 8 km S of Kerkyra, Mt. Pantokratoras NW of Makrata, collected on: *Quercus*, *Arbutus*, 27-Sep-2007, 482m, N39°32'52" E19°52'59", leg. Stüben, P., det. Stüben, P., dry collection: CURCI at ZFMK; Collector's No / Biobank No: KO-0383-bri / 8897; Tissue No / DNA No: ZFMK-TIS-cKO0383 / ZFMK-DNA-0100400347; CO1 Genbank Accession No: GU213655

### *Echinodera brisouti* (Reitter, 1885)

Greece, Epirus, 9 km SW of Metsovo, Mikro Peristeri, collected on: *Quercus ilex*, 30-Sep-2007, 693m, N39°45'03" E21°05'09", leg. Stüben, P., det. Stüben, P., Dry collection: CURCI at ZFMK; Collector's No / Biobank No: EP-0391-bri2 / 8898; Tissue No / DNA No: ZFMK-TIS-cEP0391 / ZFMK-DNA-0100400348; CO1 Genbank Accession No: GU213656

***Echinodera capiomonti* (H. Brisout de Barneville, 1864)**

Italy, Emilia-Romagna, San Giovanni in Marignano, 10 km W of Pésaro (RN), collected on: *Quercus*, 15-Oct-2001, 100m, N43°56'06" E12°43'00", leg. Stüben, P., det. Stüben, P., dry collection: CURCI at ZFMK; Collector's No / Biobank No: I-488-cap / 9045; Tissue No / DNA No: ZFMK-TIS-cI488 / ZFMK-DNA-0100400974; CO1 Genbank Accession No: GU213682

***Echinodera corycrens* Stüben, 2008**

Croatia, Dalmatia, 24 km W of Split, 1 km E of Marina, Poljica, collected on: *Quercus*, 1-Jul-2007, 20m, N43°31'11" E16°08'31", leg. Stüben, P., det. Stüben, P., dry collection: CURCI at ZFMK; Collector's No / Biobank No: HR-0307-cor / 8888; Tissue No / DNA No: ZFMK-TIS-cHR0307 / ZFMK-DNA-0100400080; CO1 Genbank Accession No: GU213650

***Echinodera corycrens* Stüben, 2008**

Greece, Epirus, 19 km E of Igoumenitsa, Petrovitsa, collected on: *Quercus ilex*, 01-Oct-2007, 355m, N39°33'30" E20°28'12", leg. Stüben, P., det. Stüben, P., dry collection: CURCI at ZFMK; Collector's No / Biobank No: EP-0409-cor / 8900; Tissue No / DNA No: ZFMK-TIS-cEP0409 / ZFMK-DNA-0100400350; CO1 Genbank Accession No: GU213658

***Echinodera corycrens* Stüben, 2008**

Greece, Kefalonia Isl., S Poros, 30-Apr-2017, 170m, N38°07'59" E20°47'01", leg. Germann, Ch., det. Germann, Ch., dry collection: CURCI/SDEI at NMB; Collector's No: 3280-GER; DNA No: SDEI-DNA-3280-GER; CO1 Genbank Accession No: MW750620

***Echinodera crenata* Wollaston, 1863**

Spain, Canary Islands, Tenerife, S of Orotava, Orotava valley, Mirador de la Rosa, collected on: *Greenovia* sp., *Aeonium spathulatum*, 04-Oct-2008, 1503m, N28°20'25" W16°31'29", leg. Astrin, J. & Stüben, P., det. Stüben, P., dry collection: CURCI at ZFMK; Collector's No / Biobank No: E-710-cre / 9299; Tissue No / DNA No: ZFMK-TIS-cE710 / ZFMK-DNA-0100404845; CO1 Genbank Accession No: GU213719

***Echinodera ibleiensis* Stüben, 2003**

Italy, Sicilia Isl. (SR), 1.5 km S of Ferla, Valle dell'Anapo, Monti Iblei, collected on: *Castanea*, *Quercus*, *Ceratonia siliqua*, 24-Oct-2002, 450m, N37°06'14" E14°56'07", leg. Stüben, P., det. Stüben, P., dry collection: CURCI at ZFMK; Collector's No / Biobank No: I-496-ibl / 9053; Tissue No / DNA No: ZFMK-TIS-cI496 / ZFMK-DNA-0100400675; CO1 Genbank Accession No: GU213687

***Echinodera ingowolfi* Stüben, 1998**

Greece, Kefalonia Isl., E Koulourata, 29-Apr-2017, 320m, N38°12'02" E20°40'57", leg. Germann, Ch., det. Germann, Ch., dry collection: CURCI/SDEI at NMB; Collector's No: 3277-GER; DNA No: SDEI-DNA-3277-GER; CO1 Genbank Accession No: MW750617

***Echinodera ingowolfi* Stüben, 1998**

Greece, Kefalonia Isl., Mt. Enos, collected on: *Abies cephalonica*, 29-Apr-2017, 1100m, N38°09'46" E20°37'19", leg. Germann, Ch., det. Germann, Ch., dry collection: CURCI/SDEI at NMB; Collector's No: 3278-GER; DNA No: SDEI-DNA-3278-GER; CO1 Genbank Accession No: MW750618

***Echinodera kroumiriensis* Stüben, 2004**

Tunisia, Kroumirie, 2 km E of Ain Draham, Jebel Bir, collected on: *Quercus suber*, *Quercus* sp., 20-Oct-2003, 770m, N36°46'20" E08°42'40", leg. Stüben, P., det. Stüben, P., dry collection: CURCI at ZFMK; Collector's No / Biobank No: T-500-kro / 9057; Tissue No / DNA No: ZFMK-TIS-cT500 / ZFMK-DNA-0100400671; CO1 Genbank Accession No: GU213691

***Echinodera nebrodiensis* Stüben, 2002**

Italy, Sicilia Isl., Madonie Castelbuono, Rifugio Crispi Agrifol., Piano Pomo, collected on: *Fagus*, 7-Feb-2008, 1400m, N37°53'46" E14°04'01", leg. Kapp, det. Kapp, dry collection: CURCI at ZFMK; Collector's No / Biobank No: I-828-neb / 9448; Tissue No / DNA No: ZFMK-TIS-cI828 / ZFMK-DNA-0100405551; CO1 Genbank Accession No: GU213743

***Echinodera nuraghia*** Stüben, 2009

Italy, Sardinia Isl. West, E of Macomer, above Lei, collected on: *Quercus*, *Acer monspessulanum*, 04-Oct-2010, 1020m, N40°19'54" E08°53'49", leg. Stüben, P., det. Stüben, P., dry collection: CURCI at ZFMK; Collector's No / Biobank No: IT1092c / 9675; Tissue No / DNA No: ZFMK-TIS-cIT1092c / ZFMK-DNA-0112704586; CO1 Genbank Accession No: MG322670

***Echinodera peneckeii stat. nov.*** Stüben, 1998 (formerly: *Echinodera brisouti peneckeii*)

Montenegro, Cetinje Mun., 2km SE Kotor, Lovćen, collected: 23-APR-2018, 920 masl, N42°24'33" E18°47'20", leg. Braunert, C., det. Germann, Ch., dry collection: CURCI/SDEI at NMB; Collector's No: 3589-GER; DNA No: SDEI-DNA-3289-GER; CO1 GenBank Accession No: MW822684

***Echinodera peragalloi*** (Chevrolat, 1863)

Italy, Sardinia Isl., S of Arzito, Gadoni, R. Tistigliosi x F. Flumendosa, collected on: *Quercus ilex*, 30-Sep-2010, 490m, N39°53'57" E09°11'02", leg. Stüben, P., det. Stüben, P., dry collection: CURCI at ZFMK; Collector's No / Biobank No: IT1082c / 9665; Tissue No / DNA No: ZFMK-TIS-cIT1082c / ZFMK-DNA-0112702487; CO1 Genbank Accession No: MG322664

***Echinodera romanboroveci*** Stüben, 1998

Montenegro, Budva Mun., 3.5km SE Petrovac, collected: 01-MAY-2018, 30 masl, N42°10'52" E18°58'11", leg. Germann, Ch., det. Germann, Ch., dry collection: CURCI/SDEI at NMB; Collector's No: 3590-GER; DNA No: SDEI-DNA-3590-GER; CO1 GenBank Accession No: MW822685

***Echinodera romanboroveci*** Stüben, 1998

Montenegro, Bar Mun., 7km E Petrovac, collected: 24-APR-2018, 490 masl, N42°13'28" E19°01'24", leg. Germann, Ch., det. Germann, Ch., dry collection: CURCI/SDEI at NMB; Collector's No: 3591-GER; DNA No: SDEI-DNA-3591-GER; CO1 GenBank Accession No: MW822686

***Echinodera soumasi*** Germann, Wolf & Schütte, 2015

Greece, Peloponnese, NE of Pilos, S of Kazama, Polilimnos, 26-Sep-2014, 300m, N36°59'00" E21°51'16", leg. Germann, Ch., det. Germann, Ch., dry collection: CURCI at ZFMK; Collector's No / Biobank No: 2798-PST / 17163; Tissue No / DNA No: ZFMK-TIS-26152 / ZFMK-DNA-0169166944; CO1 Genbank Accession No: KT289402

***Echinodera soumasi*** Germann, Wolf & Schütte, 2015

Greece, Kefalonia Isl., E Koulourata, 29-Apr-2017, 320m, N38°12'02" E20°40'57", leg. Germann, Ch., det. Germann, Ch., dry collection: CURCI/SDEI at NMB; Collector's No: 3276-GER; DNA No: SDEI-DNA-3276-GER; CO1 Genbank Accession No: MW750616

***Echinodera stuebeni* spec.nov.** Germann & Schütte, 2021

Greece, Kefalonia Isl., W Vari, collected on: *Quercus*, 3-May-2017, 430m, N38°23'04" E20°34'41", leg. Germann, Ch., det. Germann, Ch., dry collection: CURCI/SDEI at NMB; Collector's No: 3279-GER; DNA No: SDEI-DNA-3279-GER; CO1 Genbank Accession No: MW750619

***Echinodera variegata*** (Boheman, 1837)

Italy, Sicilia Isl. (PA), 8 km S of Carini, W of M. Gibilmesi, collected on: *Quercus*, 10-Oct-2006, 539m, N38°04'03" E13°11'37", leg. Stüben, P., det. Stüben, P., dry collection: CURCI at ZFMK; Collector's No / Biobank No: I-0412-var / 8902; Tissue No / DNA No: ZFMK-TIS-cI0412 / ZFMK-DNA-0100400007; CO1 Genbank Accession No: GU213660

### Appendix 3 - laboratory references

References to the different laboratory routines for sequences used in this study are provided in this table.

Organism	Collector's no / GenBank acc no	laboratory routine ref.
<i>Echinodera ariadnae</i>	GR-0151-ari / EU286479	Astrin et al. 2012
<i>Echinodera aspromontensis</i>	I-647-asp / GU987985	Astrin et al. 2012
<i>Echinodera aspromontensis</i>	I-660-asp / GU987992	Astrin et al. 2012
<i>Echinodera brachati</i>	E-922-bra / GU213764	Astrin et al. 2012
<i>Echinodera brachati peloponnensis</i>	3163-PST / MK347695	Schütte et al. 2013
<i>Echinodera brachati peloponnensis</i>	3166-PST / MK347697	Schütte et al. 2013
<i>Echinodera brisouti</i>	EP-0391-bri2 / GU213656	Astrin et al. 2012
<i>Echinodera brisouti</i>	KO-0383-bri / GU213655	Astrin et al. 2012
<i>Echinodera capiomonti</i>	I-488-cap / GU213682	Astrin et al. 2012
<i>Echinodera coryrensis</i>	3280-GER / MW750620 (new)	Stüben & Kramp 2019
<i>Echinodera coryrensis</i>	EP-0409-cor / GU213658	Astrin et al. 2012
<i>Echinodera coryrensis</i>	HR-0307-cor / GU213650	Astrin et al. 2012
<i>Echinodera crenata</i>	E-710-cre / GU213719	Astrin et al. 2012
<i>Echinodera ibleiensis</i>	I-496-ibl / GU213687	Astrin et al. 2012
<i>Echinodera ingowolfi</i>	3277-GER / MW750617 (new)	Stüben & Kramp 2019
<i>Echinodera ingowolfi</i>	3278-GER / MW750618 (new)	Stüben & Kramp 2019
<i>Echinodera kroumiriensis</i>	T-500-kro / GU213691	Astrin et al. 2012
<i>Echinodera nebrodiensis</i>	I-828-neb / GU213743	Astrin et al. 2012
<i>Echinodera nuraghia</i>	IT1092c / MG322670 (new)	Schütte et al. 2013
<i>Echinodera peneckei</i> stat. nov.	GER-3589 / MW822684 (new)	Stüben & Kramp 2019
<i>Echinodera peragalloi</i>	IT1082c / MG322664 (new)	Schütte et al. 2013
<i>Echinodera romanboroveci</i>	GER-3590 / MW822685 (new)	Stüben & Kramp 2019
<i>Echinodera romanboroveci</i>	GER-3591 / MW822686 (new)	Stüben & Kramp 2019
<i>Echinodera soumasi</i>	2798-PST / KT289402	Schütte et al. 2013
<i>Echinodera soumasi</i>	3276-GER / MW750616 (new)	Stüben & Kramp 2019
<i>Echinodera stuebeni</i> spec. nov.	3279-GER / MW750619 (new)	Stüben & Kramp 2019
<i>Echinodera variegata</i>	I-0412-var / GU213660	Astrin et al. 2012
<i>Acalles camelus</i> (Outgroup)	CZ1054 / KF680229	Schütte et al. 2013

## Appendix 4 - COI sequences

We are convinced that molecular sequences should also be part of the initial description in which they were first published, if possible. The fact that they are additionally stored separately in public databases like NIH's GenBank is undoubtedly a further safeguard for the long-term availability of species-specific DNA barcodes. Here we provide previously unreleased sequences in easy to use fasta format. The content can be copied and pasted into any fasta or text file and easily imported into any bioinformatics application. The provided sequences represent the full length of 658 nucleotides of CO1 barcodes of the Folmer barcode region (Folmer et al. 1994).

First number in taxa name is collector's number, second one is GenBank accession number. More details to the finding localities are provided in Appendix 2.

> *Echinodera stuebeni* spec.nov.-3279-GER. MW750619-Greece\_Kefalonia\_Isl.

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AACTTATTTCATCTCGGTTATGATCAGGAATAGTGGGAACATCATTAGAACATTAATCCGAA-
CAGAACTAGGAACCCAGGAACCCTAATCGGTATGATCAAATCTATAACACAATTGTTACCGCT-
CACGCTTCATCATAATCTTTTATAGTCATACCCATTATAATCGGAGGATTGGAAATTGATTAATC-
CCACTAATACTGGAGCTCCCGATATAGCTTCCCACGACTAAATAATATAAGATTCTGACTCCTCC-
CCCATCACTTACCCCTCTATTATAAGAAGATTATTGATAAAGGAGCCGAAC TGTTGAACAGTT-
TATCCCCCTTATCCTCAAATATTGCTCATGAAGGAGCTCTATTGACCTGCCATTTCAGCCTTCAT-
ATAGCAGGAATCTCATCAATCCTAGGAGCCATAAACTTATTCACAGTAATCAATACGACCAACAG-
GAATAAAACTAGATCGAACATACCTCTATTATCTGAGCCGTAAAATTACTGCCATTCTCTATTATCTT-
TACCTGTTCTAGCAGGCCTATCACCATACTTTAACAGACCGAAATTAAACACATCATTGGACCC-
CGCAGGAGGAGGAGACCCAATTCTCTACCAACATCTATT
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> *Echinodera coryrensis* \_3280-GER.MW750620-Greece\_Kefalonia\_Isl.

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AACTCTCTATTCATTTGGGTATGATCAGGAATAGTGGGAACATCCCTAAGTATACTAATTCGTA-
CAGAACTTGGAAATCCAGGAACCTTAATCGGAAATGACCAAATCTATAATACAATTGTTACCGCCCAT-
GCTTCATTATAATTTCTCATAGTTACCCATTATAATTGGAGGGTTGGAAATTGATTAATTC-
CTTAATAACTAGGAGCCCTGATATAGCATTCCCGACTTAATAATATAAGATTGGATTATTACAC-
CATCCCTTACCCCTCTCTAATAAGAAGAATTATCGACAACGGAGCCGAAC TGTTGAACAGTT-
TATCCCCCTCATCTCAAATATCGCTCATGAAGGAGCCTCTATTGACTTAGCCATTTCAGTTACAA-
TATAGCAGGAATCTCCTCAATTCTAGGAGCTATAAACTTATCTCCACAGTAATTAATATATGTCAAACAG-
GAATAAAATTAGACCAAATCCCATTATTGAGCTGTAAAATTACAGCTATTCTACTCTTATCTC-
TACCAAGTTCTGCAGGAGCAATTACTACTCTAACAGATCGAAATTAAACACAACTCTCGACCC-
GCTGGAGGAGGAGACCCAATTCTTATCAACACTTATT
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> *Echinodera ingowolfi* \_3277-GER.MW750617-Greece\_Kefalonia\_Isl.

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AACATTGTACTTATTTGGCTCATGATCAGGAATAATAGGAACATCACTAAGCATACTTATTGAA-
CAGAACTAGGAACCCAGGATCATTAAATTGGAATGACCAAATCTACAATACAATTGTTACTGCT-
CACGCCCTCATTATGATTTTATAGTTACCAATCATAATTGGCGGATTGGAAACTGGTTAGTTCTC-
CACTAATATTAGGAGCTCCTGATATAGCCTTCCTCGATTAACACATAAGATTGACTACTCCCC-
CCATCTCTCAGCCTCTTTAATAAGAAGAATTATTGATAAAGGAGCTGGAAC TGTTGAACAGTC-
TACCCCTCTTATCTCAAATATTGCACATGAAGGCCCTCTATTGATTAGCTATCTTAGACTCCA-
TATAGCCGAATTCTCAATCTTAGGAGCTATAAATTATTCCACAGTTATCAATACGCCAGCAG-
GAATAAACTAGATCGAACATACCACTATTATTGAGCTGTAAAATTACTGCCATCCTGCTCTCCTATCC-
CTACCTGTCCTAGCAGGAGCAACTACTCTAACAGATCGTAATATCAATACATCATTGGACCC-
CGCTGGAGGGGGAGATCCCATTCTATCAACACCTATT
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> *Echinodera ingowolfi* \_3278-GER.MW750618-Greece\_Kefalonia\_Isl.

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AACATTGTACTTATTTGGCTCATGATCAGGAATAATAGGAACATCACTAAGCATACTTATTGAA-
CAGAACTAGGAACCCAGGATCATTAAATTGGAATGATCAAATCTACAATACAATTGTTACTGCT-
CACGCCCTCATTATAATTTTATAGTTACCAATCATAATTGGAGGATTGGAAACTGGTTAGTTCTC-
CACTAATATTAGGAGCTCCTGATATAGCCTTCCTCGATTAACACATAAGATTGATTACTCCCTC-
CATCTCTCAGCCTCTTTAATAAGAAGAATCATTGATAAAGGAGCTGGAAC TGTTGAACAGTC-
CTCCTTATCTCAAATATTGCACATGAAGGCCCTCTATTGATTAGCTATTAGACTCCATATAGC-
CGGAATTCTCAATCTTAGGAGCTATAAATTATTCCACAGTTATCAATACGCCAGCAG-
GAATAAACTAGATCGAACATACCACTATTATTGAGCTGTAAAATTACTGCCATCCTGCTCTCCTATCC-
CTACCCGTCTAGCAGGAGCAACTACTCTAACAGATCGTAATATCAATACATCATTGGACCC-
CGCTGGGGGGGGAGATCCCATTCTATCAACACCTATT
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>*Echinodera\_nuraghia*\_IT1092c.MG322670-Italy\_Sardinia\_Isl.

AACCTTATTTTATTGGCTCATGATCAGGAATAGTAGGAACATCATTAAGAATATTGATCGAACAGAACTCGGAACCTAATTGGTAACGACCAAATCTATAACACAATTGTTACT-GCTCATGCTTCATTATAATCTTTCATAGTAATACCCATCATAATTGGAGGAGTTGGAAACT-GATTAATCCCATTAACTTGAGCCCCGTATAGCTTTCCCACGGCTAAACAATATAAGATTT-GACTCCTACCCCCATCTCACCTTACTAATAAGAAGAATTATTGATAAAGGAACAGGAACCTG-GTTGAACAGTCTATCCCCTTATCCTCAAATATTGCTCATGAAGGAGCTTCTATTGACCTAGC-CATTAGCCTCCATAGCAGGAATTTCGTCAATCTTAGGAGCTATAAACTTTACAG-TAATCAATATAACGCCAACAGGAATAAAACTAGACCGAATACCCATTATTGAGCCGTAAAAT-TACTGCCATCCTCTCTATTATCTTACCTGTCCTAGCAGGTGCTACTATACTTTAACAGAC-CGAAATATTAATACGTATTGGACCCCTGCAGGGAGGAGATCCTATCCTACCAACATT-TATT

>*Echinodera\_penekei\_stat. nov.*\_GER-3589. MW822684-Montenegro\_Kotor

AACTTATACATTTGGCTCATGATCAGGAATAGTAGGAACATCATTAAGAATGCTGATCGAACAGAACTTGGAAACCTAATTGGTAATGACCAAATCTATAATACAATTGTCACT-GCTCATGCCTTCATCATAATCTTTCATAGTCATACCTATCATAATCGGAGGCTTGGAAATTGATAATTCCATTAAACTTGAGCCTGTATAGCTTCCCCGCTAAATAATATAAGATTTGACTC-CTGCCACCTCTCTCACCCCTACTAATAAGAAGTGTATTGATAAAGGAGCTGGAACCTGGCTGAA-CAGTCTATCCCCCTATCCTCAAATATTGCCATGAAGGAGCTCTATTGACCTAGCCATTTCAGC-CTACACATAGCCGAATTTCATCAATTCTAGGAGGCATAAACTTATTCCACAGTAATCAATATAC-GACCAACAGGAATAAAAGCTAGACCGAATACCTTATTGAGCTGAAAAATCACCGC-CATTCTCTTTATCCCTACCTGTCCTAGCAGGTGCTACTATACTATTAAACAGACCGAAAT-ATTAACACATCATTGGACCCCTGCAGGAGGAGCCATCCTACCAACATCTATT

>*Echinodera\_peragalloi*\_IT1082c.MG322664-Italy\_Sardinia\_Isl.

AACACTTATTCATCTTGGTCATGATCAGGAATAGTCGGAACATCACTAAGTATACTAATTG-GAACTGAACCTGGAAATCCAGGAACACTAATTGGTAACGACCAAATCTATAACACAATTGAAAC-CAGCCATGCTTCATTATAATTTCCTTATAGTTACCCATCATAATTGGGGGATTGGAAATT-GACTAATTCCCCCTATATTAGGAGCCCCGTATAGCATTCCACGACTTAATAATATAAGATTCT-GATTATTGCCCCCGTCTCACCCTCTATTAAATAAGTAGAGCCATTGATAAAGGAGCCGAAC-TG-GATGAACAGTTATCCACCACTTCATCTAATATCGCTCATGAAGGAGCCTGTTGACTAAC-CATTTCAGATTACATATAGCAGGAATCTCATCAATTCTAGGAGCCATAAATTCTCATCTCACAGT-TATTAATATAACGCCAACAGGAATAATCTTGATCGAATACCTCTATTGAGCAGTAAAAT-TACTGCCATTCTCTTACTTTATCCCTACCCGTTCTGCAGGAGCTTACTATACTTTAACAGAC-CGAAATATTAACACAACATTCTTGACCCCTGCTGGAGGAGGTGATCCAATCCTATCAACATT-TATT

>*Echinodera\_romanborovci*\_GER-3590\_MW822685-Montenegro\_Petrovac

AACTTATACATTTGGCTCATGATCAGGAATAGTGGGAACATCACTAAGAATACTAATCGAACAGAACTCGGAACCTAATCGGTAACTGACCAAATCTATAACACAATTGTAACT-GCTCATGCTTCATTATAATCTTTCATAGTCATACCTATCATAATTGGAGGCTTGGAAATT-GATTAATTCCATTAAACTTGAGCCTCCAGATATAGCTTCCCACGCCCTAAATAATATAAGATTT-GACTCTACCTCCCTCTTACCCCTCTACTAATAAGAAGAATTATTGATAAAGGAGCTGGTACTG-GCTGAACAGTATACCCCCCTTATCCTCAAATATTGCTCATGAAGGAGCCTCTATGACTTAGC-CATTAGTCTCCATAGCAGGAATTTCATCAATTCTAGGAGCTATAAACTTATCTCACAG-TAATCAACATACGTCCAACAGGTATAAAACTAGACCGAATACCTCTATTGAGCCGTAAAAT-TACTGCCATTCTCTTACTATCATTACCCGTCCTGCAGGAGCTATCACCATACTTTAACAGAC-CGAAATATTAATACATCATTGGACCCCGGGAGGAGACCCAATCCTACCAACATCTATT

>*Echinodera romanboroveci*\_GER-3591.MW822686-Montenegro\_Petrovac

AACTTATACCTCATTTGGCTCATGATCAGGAATAGTGGGAACATCACTAAGAATACTAATCCGAA-CAGAACTCGGAAACCCTGGAACCTTAATCGGTAAATGACCAAATCTATAACACAATTGTAACTGCTCAT-GCTTCATTATAATCTTTCATAGTCATACTATCATAATTGGAGGCTTGGAAATTGACTAATT-CATTAATACTTGGAGCTCCAGATATAGCTTCCCACGCCTAAATAAGATTTGACTTCTACCTC-CCTCTTACCTCTACTAATAAGAAGAATTATTGATAAAGGAGCTGGTACTGGCTAACAGTATAC-CCCCCTTATCCTCAAATATTGCTCATGAAGGAGCCTATCGACTTAGCCATTAGTCTCCAT-ATAGCAGGAATTTCGTCAATTCTAGGAGCTATAAACCTTATCTACAGTAATCAACATACGTCCGACAG-GTATAAAACTAGACCAAATACCTCTATTATTTGAGCCGTAAAATTACTGCCATTCTTCTACTATCAT-TACCCGTCTTGAGGAGCTATCACCAACTTTAACAGACCGAAATATTAATACATCATTGGACCC-CGGGGAGGAGGAGACCAATCCTCTACCAACATCTATT

>*Echinodera soumasi*\_3276-GER.MW750616-Greece-Kefalonia\_Isl.

AACTTATATTATTATTGGGTCTGATCAGGAATACTAGGAACCTCATTAAGAATATTAATCCGAA-CAGAATTAAGAAACCCTGGAACCTTAATTGGAAATGATCAAATTATAACACTATTGTTACAGCACAT-GCTTTATCATAATCTTTTATAGTTACCCATTATAATTGGTGGATTGGAAATTGATTAATCCCTCT-TATACTAGGGGCCAGATATAGCCTCCCTCGACTCAATAATATAAGATTTGATTACTACCTCCATCTT-TA ACTTACTCCTATAAGAACATTATAATGGAGCTGGAACGGATGAACTGTATACCGC-CTCTCCTCTAATATTGCCATGAAGGAGCTCTGTTGATTAGCTATCTCAGATTACATAGCAGG-TATCCTCTCAATTCTGGAGCCATAAATTATTCCACAGTAATTAATACGCCCTCAGGAATAAAAC-TAGATCGCATAACCCCTATTATTGAGCCGTTAAAATTACTGCAATTCTCTACTTTATCCTGCCTGTCT-TAGCAGGAGCAATTACTACTTCTAACCGATCGTAATATTAATACATCATTGGATCCCGCAGGAG-GTGGAGACCAATCTTATACCAACATTATT

## Appendix 5 - p-distance matrix

p-Distance																												
Echinodera ariadnae (GR-0151-ari) - GR: Crete Isl.																												
Echinodera aspromontensis (I-647-asp) - IT: Basilicata																												
Echinodera aspromontensis (I-660-asp) - IT: Abruzzo																												
Echinodera brachati (E-922-bra) - GR: Peloponnese																												
Echinodera brachati peloponensis (3163-PST) - GR: Pelop.																												
Echinodera brachati peloponensis (3166-PST) - GR: Pelop.																												
Echinodera brisouti (EP-0391-briz) - GR: Epirus																												
Echinodera brisouti (KO-0383-bri) - GR: Korfu Isl.																												
Echinodera capiomonti (I-488-cap) - IT: Emilia-Romagna																												
Echinodera coryicensis (3280-GER) - GR: Kefalonia Isl.																												
Echinodera coryicensis (EP-0409-cor) - GR: Epirus																												
Echinodera coryicensis (HR-0307-cor) - Croatia: Dalmatia																												
Echinodera crenata (E-710-cre) - CI: Tenerife																												
Echinodera ibleiensis (I-496-ibl) - IT: Sicilia Isl.																												
Echinodera ingowolfi (3277-GER) - GR: Kefalonia Isl.																												
Echinodera ingowolfi (3278-GER) - GR: Kefalonia Isl.																												
Echinodera kroumiriensis (T-500-kro) - Tunisia: Kroumirie																												
Echinodera nebrodensis (I-828-neb) - IT: Sicilia Isl.																												
Echinodera nuraghia (IT1092c) - IT: Sardinia Isl.																												
Echinodera peneckei stat.nov. (GER-3589) - Montenegro																												
Echinodera peragalloi (IT1082c) - IT: Sardinia Isl.																												
Echinodera romanboroveci (GER-3590) - Montenegro																												
Echinodera romanboroveci (GER-3591) - Montenegro																												
Echinodera soumasi (2798-PST) - GR: Peloponnese																												
Echinodera soumasi (3276-GER) - GR: Kefalonia Isl.																												
Echinodera stuebeni sp.n. (3279-GER) - GR: Kefalonia Isl.																												
Echinodera variegata (I-0412-var) - IT: Sicilia Isl.																												
Echinodera ariadnae (GR-0151-ari) - GR: Crete Isl.	15.2	9.9	15.7	14.6	10.8	10.5	16	11.9	10.5	10.9	14.6	16.3	11.9	17	15.3	15.2	15	15.5	10.8	10.9	11.7	10.9	11.8	12.3	12.3			
Echinodera aspromontensis (I-647-asp) - IT: Basilicata	15.5	10.5	17.9	18.5	9.4	9.7	17.5	9.4	10.3	8.2	15.3	15.8	15.8	11.9	16.7	16.1	16.1	15.8	14.7	10.9	10.2	11.7	10.9	11.8	11.1	12.3		
Echinodera aspromontensis (I-660-asp) - IT: Abruzzo	15.5	10	17.8	18.1	10.3	10	17.8	9.1	10.6	7.8	15.2	16	15.7	12.2	17	16.1	16.1	15.8	14.6	10.9	10.2	11.7	10.9	11.8	11.1	12.3		
Echinodera brachati (E-922-bra) - GR: Peloponnese	15.3	11	15.6	16	12.1	11.8	15.9	10.9	10	11.8	14.7	15.9	16	10.4	15.7	16	16	15.7	9.5	9.3	4	3.1	11.8	11.8	11.8	11.8		
Echinodera brachati peloponensis (3163-PST) - GR: Pelop.	15	10.3	15.8	15.8	11.9	11.6	16.4	10.6	9.6	11.9	14.1	16.4	16.6	16.6	16.3	15.3	9.6	9.4	0.9	3.1	10.9	10.9	10.9	10.9	10.9			
Echinodera brachati peloponensis (3166-PST) - GR: Pelop.	15.7	10.9	16.4	16.4	12.6	12.3	17.3	11.2	10.2	12.3	14.7	17.2	16.9	15.7	16.9	15.7	10.2	9.9	0.9	4	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7			
Echinodera brisouti (EP-0391-briz) - GR: Epirus	13.2	8.7	16.3	16.3	9.4	8.8	15.5	9.7	9.6	10.5	13.8	15	15.2	9.1	14.6	15.5	15.2	15.8	2	9.9	9.4	9.3	10.2	10.2	10.9	10.9		
Echinodera capiomonti (I-488-cap) - IT: Emilia-Romagna	13.1	8.7	16.3	16	10.3	9.7	15.7	10.5	10.2	10.6	14.1	15.2	15.3	10	14.7	15.2	14.9	16.3	2	10.2	9.6	9.5	10.9	10.9	10.8	10.8		
Echinodera coryagensis (3280-GER) - GR: Kefalonia Isl.	16.1	14.6	16.6	14.4	14.1	17.8	14.6	15.2	14.6	15.3	17.5	14.7	17	16	14.3	14.6	14.1	16.3	15.8	15.7	15.3	15.7	14.7	15.5	15.8			
Echinodera coryagensis (EP-0409-cor) - GR: Epirus	14.7	14.6	17.8	17.2	14.1	14	11.6	15.3	16	16.1	13.7	16.9	17	15.8	15.3	0.5	0.5	14.1	14.9	15.2	16.9	16.3	15.7	15.8	15.8			
Echinodera coryagensis (HR-0307-cor) - Croatia: Dalmatia	15	14.9	17.9	17.6	14.4	14.3	11.9	15.7	16.3	16.4	14	17.3	17.5	16.1	15.7	0.9	0.5	14.6	15.2	15.5	17.2	16.6	16	16.1	15.2			
Echinodera crenata (E-710-cre) - CI: Tenerife	15	14.9	17.8	17.2	14.4	14.3	11.6	15.7	16.3	16.1	13.8	17.2	17.2	15.8	15.8	0.9	0.5	14.3	15.2	15.7	17.2	16.6	16	16.1	15.3			
Echinodera ibleiensis (I-496-ibl) - IT: Sicilia Isl.	13.7	14.1	17.3	17.2	15.2	15	17.5	16.1	16	16.4	16	16.3	16.3	15.3	15.8	15.3	16	14.7	14.6	16.6	16.4	15.7	17	16.7	17			
Echinodera ingowolfi (3277-GER) - GR: Kefalonia Isl.	12.9	11.1	16.7	16.7	11.6	11.2	16	11.9	10.9	10.3	12.2	15.3	16.1	15.7	15.3	15.8	16.1	15.8	14.7	10	9.1	11.2	10.5	10.4	12.2	11.9		
Echinodera ingowolfi (3278-GER) - GR: Kefalonia Isl.	15.2	15.5	17.8	17.9	15.2	15	16.9	14.6	14	15	15.3	1.7	15.7	16.3	17.2	17.5	17	17.5	15.3	15.2	16.6	16	16	15.7	15.8			
Echinodera kroumiriensis (T-500-kro) - Tunisia: Kroumirie	15.8	16	17.9	18.4	15	14.9	16.6	15.2	14.3	15.7	15.7	1.7	16.1	16.3	17.2	17.3	16.9	17.5	15.2	15	17	16.4	15.9	16	15.8	16.3		
Echinodera nebrodensis (I-828-neb) - IT: Sicilia Isl.	15.8	12.9	12.9	18.2	17.5	14.4	14	15	13.7	13.4	14.6	15.7	15.3	16	13.8	14	13.7	15.3	14.1	13.8	14.7	14.1	14.7	15.2	15.3	14.6		
Echinodera nuraghia (IT1092c) - IT: Sardinia Isl.	16.3	10	16.6	17	10.8	10.2	18.1	9.9	10		14.6	15.7	15	12.2	16.4	16.1	14.6	16.1	14.5	10.5	12.3	11.9	11.8	7.8	8.2	10.9		
Echinodera peneckei stat.nov. (GER-3589) - Montenegro	14.7	9.7	16.4	16.7	9.6	9.6	16	16.1	13.4	14	10	13.4	14.3	14	10.3	16	16.3	16.3	16	15.2	10.2	9.6	10	10.6	10.3	10.5		
Echinodera peragalloi (IT1082c) - IT: Sardinia Isl.	14.9	9.7	17.6	17.5	9.7	9.7	16	16.1	13.7	15	10	9.9	13.7	15.2	14.6	11.9	16.1	15.7	17.3	16.4	15.9	17.8	17.5	16	14.6	14.6		
Echinodera romanboroveci (GER-3590) - Montenegro	16.1	14.9	18.2	17.9	16.1	16.1	16.1	16	16.6	18.1	15	16.6	16.9	16	17.5	11.6	11.9	11.6	17.8	15.7	17.3	16.4	15.9	17.8	17.5	16		
Echinodera romanboroveci (GER-3591) - Montenegro	16	9.4	11	17	17.2	0.6		16.1	9.4	9.6	10.2	14	14.9	15	11.2	15	14.3	14	14.1	9.7	8.8	12.3	11.6	11.8	10	9.7	10.5	10.8
Echinodera romanboroveci (GER-3592) - Montenegro	16.4	10	17	17.2	0.6		16.1	9.1	9.6	10.8	14.4	15	15.2	11.6	15.2	14.4	14.4	14.1	14.4	10.3	9.4	12.6	11.9	12.1	10.3	9.4	11.1	9
Echinodera peragalloi (IT1082c) - IT: Sardinia Isl.	16.9	16	3	17.2	17.2	17.9	17.5	16.7	17	17.5	18.4	17.9	16.7	17.2	17.6	17.2	16.6	16.5	16	16.3	16.4	15.8	16	18.1	18.5	14.6		
Echinodera soumasi (3276-GER) - GR: Kefalonia Isl.	17.6	15.7	3	17	17	18.2	17.6	16.4	16.6	18.2	17.9	17.8	16.7	17.3	17.8	17.9	17.8	16.4	16.3	16.4	15.8	15.6	17.8	17.9	15	15.7	15.7	
Echinodera stuebeni sp.n. (3279-GER) - GR: Kefalonia Isl.	13.2	15.7	16	10	9.4	14.9	9.7	9.7	10	12.9	16	15.5	11.1	14.1	14.9	14.9	14.6	14.6	8.7	8.7	10.9	10.3	11	10	10.5	9.9	9.9	
Echinodera variegata (I-0412-var) - IT: Sicilia Isl.	13.2	17.6	16.9	16.4	16	16.1	14.9	14.7	16.3	16.3	15.8	15.8	15.2	12.9	13.7	15	15	14.7	16.1	13.1	13.2	15.7	15	15.3	15.5	15.5	15.2	